

COURSE SYLLABUS

Course:Linear AlgebraNumber:Math 331Credit-Hours:3 credits [semester credit hours]

Course Description: Presents matrices, determinants, vector spaces, linear transformations, eigenvectors and eigenvalues, diagonalization, solution of systems of linear equations by the Gauss-Jordan method, and applications.

Prerequisites: Successful completion (C- or higher) of MATH 214 (Calculus II) or equivalent.

Course Workload: 3 semester credit hours • 3 student work hours per credit hour • 14 week Carnegie semester = 126 hours student course workload average

Examination Requirements: Proctored written final examination must be passed at 60% or higher to earn passing grade in course. "B" and "A" grade paths have additional examinations. See <u>http://www.distancecalculus.com/grades/</u> for more information.

Course Professor: Robert R. Curtis, Ph.D. < robert@distancecalculus.com>

University Information: Roger Williams University, University College, 1 Empire Plaza, Providence, RI, USA 02903. Accredited by New England Commission of Higher Education (NECHE). See <u>https://www.rwu.edu/academics/accreditations</u> for more information.

E-Textbook: "Matrices, Geometry, and Mathematica" by Davis/Porta/Uhl et al Mathematics Software: Mathematica[™] Computer Algebra & Graphing System and/or LiveMath[™] Computer Algebra & Graphing System

Detailed Syllabus

- 1. Getting Started
 - 1.1. Email and Chat
 - 1.2. Learning About the Course
 - 1.3. Required Hardware
 - 1.4. Software Fundamentals
- 2. Vectors
 - 2.1. Geometry of Vectors
 - 2.2. Perpendicular Frames
 - 2.3. Curves in 2D: Change of Frames/Basis
 - 2.4. Dot Products
 - 2.5. Cross Products
 - 2.6. Ellipses and Ellipsoids
 - 2.7. Area and Volume

3. Matrices

- 3.1. Basics
- 3.2. Transforming Curves
- 3.3. Matrix Arithmetic
- 3.4. Translations and Rotations
- 3.5. Shears
- 3.6. Linear Transformations
- 3.7. Inverses
- 3.8. Determinants
- 3.9. Transposes
- 3.10. Matrix Decomposition: Singular Value Decomposition
- 3.11. Rank
- 3.12. Projections
- 3.13. Higher Dimensions
- 4. Linear Systems
 - 4.1. Conversion to Matrix Notation
 - 4.2. Gaussian Elimination
 - 4.3. Vector Spaces and Subspaces
 - 4.4. Numerical Considerations
 - 4.5. Applications: Least Square Fit
 - 4.6. Spanning Sets; Basis
 - 4.7. Linear Independence
 - 4.8. Pseudo Inverses
 - 4.9. Approximate Solutions
 - 4.10. Null Space and Image Space

- 5. Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors
 - 5.1. Diagonalization of a Matrix
 - 5.2. Eigenvalues
 - 5.3. Eigenvectors
 - 5.4. Exponential of a Matrix